Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education "North Ossetian State Medical Academy" of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation



PRACTICE PROGRAM CLINICAL PRACTICE "NURSE ASSISTANT"

the main educational program of higher education - programs of a specialist in the specialty 31.05.01 General Medicine, approved on March 30, 2022

Form of study full-time

The term for the development of the OPOP VO 6 years

Department of Internal Diseases №1

Department of Surgical Diseases №1

When developing an internship program, it is based on:

Federal State Educational Standard of Higher Education in the specialty 05/31/01 Medical business, approved by the Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation on February 9, 2016

Curricula for the specialty 31.05.01 General Medicine,

LD-16-04-18

LD-16-05-19

LD-16-06-20, approved by the Scientific Council of the Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education SOGMA of the Ministry of Health of Russia on March 30, 2022, Protocol No. 6

The practice program was approved at a meeting of the Department of Internal Medicine No. 1 dated March 18, 2022, protocol No. 7

The practice program was approved at a meeting of the Department of Surgical Diseases No. 1 dated March 18, 2022, Protocol No. 7

The practice program was approved at a meeting of the central coordinating educational and methodological council on March 22, 2022, protocol No. 4

The practice program was approved by the Academic Council of the Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education SOGMA of the Ministry of Health of Russia dated March 30, 2022, Protocol No. 6

Developers:

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Content of the work program

- 1. indication of the type of practice, method and form (forms) of its implementation;
- 2. a list of planned learning outcomes during internship, correlated with the planned results of mastering the educational program;
- 3. indication of the place of practice in the structure of the educational program;
- 4. an indication of the amount of practice in credit units and its duration in weeks, indicating the number of academic or astronomical hours;
- 5. the content of the practice;
- 6. indication of reporting forms for practice;
- 7. a fund of assessment tools for conducting intermediate certification of students in practice;
- 8. a list of educational literature and resources of the information and telecommunication network "Internet" (hereinafter referred to as the "Internet" network) necessary for the practice;
- 9. a list of information technologies used in the practice, including a list of software and information reference systems (if necessary);
- 10. description of the material and technical base necessary for the practice.

1. General information about practice

Type of practice:production

Practice type:practice for obtaining primary professional skills and abilities

How to:stationary

Practice forms: discretely by type of practice (allocating a week in the calendar training schedule for conducting separately each type of practice provided for by the OBOR HE **Practice focus:** Assistant procedural nurse

2. The list of planned learning outcomes in practice and the results of mastering the educational program

	Number		Development results			
No No	/ index of	The content of the	know	be able to	own	
p/n	compete	practice (or its sections)				
1.	nce					
on e	2	3		four		
1.	OPK- 10	Acquaintance with the organization of work of the admission and therapeutic departments and the functional responsibilities of junior and middle medical staff	-Basic principles of medical ethics and deontology -Principles of organization of work and arrangement of medical institutionsPrinciples of organizing the work of junior and middle medical personnel -Organization of the work of the treatment room, documentation of the treatment room	-Establish psychological and verbal contact with patients and their relatives, colleagues - Maintain required records	- Compliance with the rules of communication of medical staff with patients and their relatives, colleagues -Maintaining accounting records	
2.	OPK- 10	Maintaining the sanitary-hygienic and medical-protective regime of the department	- Ways to maintain the sanitary- epidemiological and medical-protective regime of the department - daily routine in the department - Ways of wet processing of chambers,	- Carry out sanitization of medical, diagnostic and utility rooms of a medical institution - Carry out processing and disinfection of vessels and urinals - Provide a mode	- Preparation of working disinfectant solutions - Wet cleaning of wards, corridors and common areas - Disinfection of medical instruments and medical supplies	

		<u></u>	<u></u>		
			offices,	of sparing the	- Monitoring
			corridors,	psyche of the	the sanitary
			common areas	patient	condition of
			with disinfectant	- Ensure	the wards and
			solutions	compliance with	bedside tables
			- Preparation of	the rules of the	of patients
			disinfectant	internal daily	-Ventilation of
			solutions	routine and the	the wards
			- Monitoring	regime of	-Technique for
			visits to patients	rational physical	safe work with
			and their	activity of the	HIV-infected
			transfers	patient	and AIDS
			-Rules for	-Ensure	patients
			working with	compliance with	patients
			HIV-infected	the rules when	
			people-	working with	
			sick and AIDS	HIV-infected	
			patients	patients and	
	ODIZ	G :	TD. C	AIDS patients	TD 4 C
3.	OPK-	Sanitary treatment of	-Types of	- Carry out	-Treatment of
	10	the patient	sanitization of	general and	the patient,
			the patient	partial	including those
				sanitization of	with
				the patient	pediculosis
				- Treat a patient	
				with pediculosis	
4.	OPK-	Transportation of	-Methods of	- Transfer the	-
	10	patients	transporting	patient from the	Transportation
			patients	stretcher to the	of the patient
				bed, use the	on a
				functional bed	wheelchair, on
				- Carry out	a stretcher-
				transportation of	wheelchair and
				patients	manually (on a
					stretcher)
5.	OPK-	Personal hygiene of the	- Rules of	-Change	-Change of
	10	patient and medical	personal hygiene	underwear and	underwear and
		staff. Nutrition of the	of the patient	bed linen for the	bed linen
		sick	and medical staff	sick, serve the	- Submission of
			-Principles of	vessel, the urinal	a bedpan and
			rational	for the seriously	urinal
			therapeutic	ill	-Processing and
1			merapeutic		1 Toccssing and
			nutrition of	- Take care of	disinfection of
			_	- Take care of the skin and	disinfection of
			nutrition of		disinfection of bedpans, urinals
			nutrition of patients with various	the skin and mucous	disinfection of bedpans, urinals - washing the
			nutrition of patients with various pathologies	the skin and mucous membranes,	disinfection of bedpans, urinals - washing the patient
			nutrition of patients with various pathologies - Ways of	the skin and mucous membranes, clean the eyes,	disinfection of bedpans, urinals - washing the patient - Carrying out
			nutrition of patients with various pathologies - Ways of feeding seriously	the skin and mucous membranes, clean the eyes, nose, ears	disinfection of bedpans, urinals - washing the patient - Carrying out the toilet of the
			nutrition of patients with various pathologies - Ways of	the skin and mucous membranes, clean the eyes, nose, ears - Carry out	disinfection of bedpans, urinals - washing the patient - Carrying out the toilet of the mouth, eyes,
			nutrition of patients with various pathologies - Ways of feeding seriously	the skin and mucous membranes, clean the eyes, nose, ears - Carry out feeding of	disinfection of bedpans, urinals - washing the patient - Carrying out the toilet of the mouth, eyes, ears, nose, etc.
			nutrition of patients with various pathologies - Ways of feeding seriously	the skin and mucous membranes, clean the eyes, nose, ears - Carry out	disinfection of bedpans, urinals - washing the patient - Carrying out the toilet of the mouth, eyes,

				diahaa aftan	Distribution of
				dishes after	- Distribution of
				feeding	food, feeding
					seriously ill
	ODIZ	7D1 ' 1 4	Tri .	A 1 1 4	patients
6.	OPK-	The simplest	- The	- Apply heating	-Use heating
	10	physiotherapy	mechanism of	pad, ice pack	pad, ice pack
		procedures. Laboratory	action of the	-Put mustard	-Supply of
		and instrumental research		plasters,	mustard
		methods, their diagnostic		compresses	plasters and
		significance	procedures	-Perform	compresses
			-The most	cleansing and	-Setting up
			commonly used	healing enemas	enemas
			laboratory and	- Carry out	- Bladder catheterization
			instrumental	catheterization of the bladder in	skills
			research	women and men	
			methods, their diagnostic		-Gastric lavage skills
				-Perform gastric	-Skills of
			significance -Rules for	lavage	
			pleural puncture,	- Carry out probing of the	probing the stomach and
			paracentesis	stomach and	duodenum 12
			-Preparation of	duodenum 12	-Prepare an
			patients for	-Prepare	instrument for
			functional and	instruments for	pleural
			instrumental	pleural puncture,	puncture,
			research	paracentesis	paracentesis
			methods	-Introduction of	- Collection of
			- Rules for the	the gas outlet	biological
			collection of tube		material for
			biological	- Collect blood,	laboratory
			material for	urine, feces,	research and
			laboratory	sputum, vomit	interpretation
			research, for examination		of the results
			interpretation of	- Take a swab	
			the results	from the pharynx	
				and nasal cavity	
7.	OPK-	Methods of using	-The order of	- Arrange and	-Use of
	10	medicinal	storage and	distribute	external
		funds	accounting of	medicines for	medicines:
			medicines,	internal use	drops,
			methods and	according to the	ointments,
			methods of their	doctor's	powders
			application	prescriptions	- Technique of
				- Inhalation of	inhalation
				medicines	method of drug
				- Apply	administration
				ointments,	- Technique of
				powders	parenteral use
				- Introduce drops	of drugs
				into eyes, ears,	(subcutaneous,
				nose	intradermal,
				- Subcutaneous,	intramuscular,

8. OPK- 10 Observation and care of patients with diseases of various body systems, including dying patients. Providing first aid in emergency situations Providing first aid in emergency situations Providing first aid in emergency situations Prevaluation of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis - Registration of ECG - Methods of supplying oxygen - Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency - Peatures of monitoring and caring for patients with diseases of the respiratory, tract body systems - Evaluation of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis - Registration of ECG - Methods of supplying oxygen - Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency - Features of monitoring and caring for severe late of the patient (including anthropometry of patients with diseases of the respiratory, tract body systems - Carry out anthropometry of patients with diseases of the respiratory, and respiration of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis - Incomptision of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis - Incomptision of the patient (including anthropometry of patients with diseases of the respiratory, and gestive under the patient (including anthropometry of patients with diseases of the respiratory, and gestive under the patient (including anthropometry of patients with diseases of the respiratory, and gestive under the patient (including and caring for succession of the patients of the patients of the patients of the patient (including and caring for succession of the patients of the patien		Ι			1	
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emergency situations cardiovascular, digestive noah, urinary tract body systems -Evaluation of the general condition of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, diuresis -Registration of ECG -Methods of supplying oxygen -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency -Features of monitoring and emergency situations cardiovascular, digestive and respiration -Measure daily diuresis and chest circumference) -Carry out oxygen therapy -Counting the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Cough, shortness of breath, suffocation, acute respiratory failure; -hemotysis; -Removal of ECG in 12 -Removal of ECG in 12 -Registration of ECG in faction, acute emergency -Features of monitoring and -Registration of emergency -Features of monitoring and -Ameasure adily diuresis and respiration -Measure daily -Carry out oxygen therapy -Counting the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Carrying out thermometry -Counting the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Features of inforcion, acute respiratory -Features of supplying of gastrointestinal bleeding; -pain in the region of the number of respiratory -Features of supplying oxygen therapy -Counting the number of respiratory -Features of supplying oxygen therapy -Counting the number of respiratory -Features of supplying oxygen therapy -Counting the number of respiratory -Features of supplying or supplying of breath, suffocation, acute respiratory -Features of supplying or supplying or supplying or supplying oxygen therapy -Features of supplying or supplying or supplying or supplying oxygen therapy -Features of supplying or s			dying patients.	diseases of the	thermometry	indicators
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body systems -Evaluation of the general condition of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis -Registration of ECG -Methods of supplying -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency -Features of monitoring and -Evaluation of the general condition of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, failure; -cough, shortness of breath, suffocation, acute respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Blood pressure measurement technique - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of gastrointestinal bleeding; -pain in the respiratory respiratory movements and heart rate number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Blood pressure measurement technique - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse - Blood pressure measurement technique - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse - Blood pressure measurement technique - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse - Blood pressure heading; - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of the mumber of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse - Blood pressure heading; - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of the mumber of respiratory movements and heart rate and heart rate and pulse - Blood pressure heading; - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of the mumber of respiratory movements and heart rate				noah, urinary	-Measure daily	circumference)
-Evaluation of the general condition of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, diuresis -Registration of ECG -Methods of supplying oxygen -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency -Features of monitoring and in case of infanction, acute cardiac -Counting the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Counting the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Provide first aid respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure measurement technique -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure measurement technique -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure measurement technique -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure measurement technique -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure measurement technique -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure measurement technique -Principles of the number of respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure acute respiratory movements and heart rate and pulse -Plood pressure respiratory acute res				tract	diuresis	- Carrying out
the general condition of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis -Registration of ECG -Provide first aid for: hyperthermia; and heart rate and pulse -Blood pressure, failure; -hemoptysis; -Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of ECG -Provide first aid for: hyperthermia; and heart rate and pulse -Blood pressure failure; -hemoptysis; -Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of BECG -Provide first aid for: hyperthermia; and heart rate and pulse -Blood pressure measurement technique -Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of BECG -Provide first aid for: hyperthermia; -hemoptysis; -hemoptysis; -heart; ischemia, recognition of gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) infarction, acute emergency -Features of monitoring and -acute cardiac -Carrying out				body systems	- Carry out	thermometry
condition of the patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis -Methods of supplying oxygen -Principles of providing first aid for: -hyperthermia; and heart rate and pulse -Blood pressure, failure; -hemoptysis; -heart; -hemoptysis; -heart; -hemoptysis; -heart; -hemoptysis; -heart; -hemoptysis;				-Evaluation of	oxygen therapy	-Counting the
patient (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, diuresis -Registration of ECG -Methods of supplying -Principles of providing first anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, diuresis -Removal of ECG -Methods of supplying region of the oxygen -Principles of providing first and heart rate and pulse -Blood pressure measurement technique - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of gastrointestinal pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily diuresis - Carrying out				the general	- Take an ECG	number of
(including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, diuresis -Registration of ECG -Methods of supplying oxygen -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency -Features of monitoring and pressure and pulse -hyperthermia; -cough, shortness of breath, suffocation, acute respiratory measurement technique -hemoptysis; - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of ECG bleeding; gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily diuresis - acute cardiac - Carrying out				condition of the	-Provide first aid	respiratory
anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, diuresis — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of hemoptysis; — heart; — hemoptysis; — hemoptysis; — heads, recognition of heart; — hemoptysis; — hemopt				patient	for:	movements
data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, diuresis — Registration of ECG — Methods of supplying — Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency — Features of monitoring and supple supply of the provided in the color of the emergency — Features of monitoring and color of the supply of the provided in the provided in the supplying appears to technique acute respiratory measurement technique — Registration of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) — Measurement of daily diuresis — Carrying out				(including	-hyperthermia;	and heart rate
appearance, skin color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis - Methods of supplying region of the providing first aid in case of monitoring and color, pulse, slower tenders acute respiratory measurement technique recognition of technique - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of gastrointestinal pulmonary and gastrointestinal pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily diuresis recognition of supplying region of the providing first aid in case of emergency coronary syndrome; of daily diuresis - Carrying out				anthropometric	-cough, shortness	and pulse
color, pulse, blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis - Methods of supplying region of the providing first aid in case of emergency - Features of monitoring and respiratory rate, technique - Removal of technique - Removal of ECG in 12 leads, recognition of gastrointestinal gastrointestinal pulmonary and gastrointestinal pathology recognition of providing first myocardial disturbances) - Measurement disturbances of gross pathology region of the providing first myocardial disturbances of daily syndrome; diuresis - acute cardiac - Carrying out				data), his	of breath,	-Blood
blood pressure, respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis pulmonary and eads, recognition of ECG bleeding; gross pathology supplying supplying region of the providing first aid in case of emergency emergency emergency emergency emonitoring and policy is pulmonary and gastrointestinal pulmonary and gastrointestinal recognition of ECG bleeding; gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) infarction, acute emergency emergency emergency syndrome; diuresis emonitoring and recognition of ECG in 12 pulmonary and gastrointestinal recognition of providing first myocardial infarction, acute of daily diuresis emonitoring and recognition of endough.				appearance, skin	suffocation,	pressure
respiratory rate, temperature, diuresis pulmonary and -Registration of ECG bleeding; recognition of supplying region of the oxygen heart; -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency -Features of monitoring and respiratory rate, temperature, -hemoptysis; -nasal, pulmonary and gastrointestinal pulmonary and gastrointestinal pecdoing; recognition of gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily diuresis - Carrying out				color, pulse,	acute respiratory	measurement
temperature, diuresis -Registration of ECG bleeding; -Methods of supplying -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency -Features of monitoring and temperature, diuresis -nasal, pulmonary and leads, recognition of recognition of providing gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily syndrome; diuresis - Carrying out				blood pressure,	failure;	technique
diuresis pulmonary and -Registration of ECG bleeding; pathology -Methods of supplying region of the oxygen heart; ischemia, rhythm providing first aid in case of emergency coronary as pulmonary and gastrointestinal pathology recognition of gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily diuresis monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				respiratory rate,	- hemoptysis;	- Removal of
-Registration of ECG bleeding; gross -Methods of supplying region of the oxygen heart; ischemia, rhythm disturbances) -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency coronary emergency -Features of monitoring and recognition of gastrointestinal bleeding; gross pathology (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily divresis - Carrying out				temperature,	-nasal,	ECG in 12
ECG bleeding; gross -Methods of supplying region of the oxygen heart; ischemia, -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency coronary of daily -Features of monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				diuresis	pulmonary and	leads,
-Methods of supplying region of the oxygen heart; ischemia, -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency coronary of daily -Features of monitoring and -acute cardiac -Carrying out				-Registration of	gastrointestinal	recognition of
supplying region of the oxygen heart; ischemia, rhythm disturbances) aid in case of emergency coronary of daily -Features of monitoring and region of the (heart attack, ischemia, rhythm disturbances) - Measurement of daily diuresis				ECG	bleeding;	gross
oxygen heart; ischemia, -Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency coronary of daily -Features of monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				-Methods of	-pain in the	pathology
-Principles of providing first aid in case of emergency emergency -Features of monitoring and -angina pectoris, myocardial disturbances) - Measurement of daily diuresis - Carrying out				supplying	region of the	(heart attack,
providing first myocardial disturbances) aid in case of infarction, acute emergency coronary of daily -Features of syndrome; diuresis monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				oxygen	heart;	ischemia,
aid in case of infarction, acute emergency coronary of daily -Features of syndrome; diuresis monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				-Principles of	-angina pectoris,	rhythm
emergency coronary of daily -Features of syndrome; diuresis monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				providing first	myocardial	*
-Features of syndrome; diuresis monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				aid in case of	infarction, acute	- Measurement
-Features of syndrome; diuresis monitoring and - acute cardiac - Carrying out				emergency	coronary	of daily
					syndrome;	diuresis
caring for severe (acute left thermometry				monitoring and	- acute cardiac	- Carrying out
				caring for severe	(acute left	thermometry
and agonizing ventricular) and - Carrying out				and agonizing	ventricular) and	- Carrying out

patients	vascular	oxygen therapy
- Rules for the	insufficiency	- First aid
treatment of the	(fainting,	technique for:
corpse	collapse);	-hyperthermia;
	- hypertensive	-cough,
	crisis;	shortness of
	-vomiting,	breath,
	heartburn and	suffocation,
	flatulence,	acute
	abdominal pain;	respiratory
	-	•
	-anaphylactic-	failure;
	chemshoke,	- hemoptysis
	Quincke's	nye and
	edema;	bleeding-yah;
	-hyper- and	-pain in the
	hypoglycemic	region of the
	coma	heart;
		-angina
	-Perform	pectoris,
	elements of	myocardial
ci	cardiopulmonary	infarction,
	resuscitation	acute coronary
	(indirect cardiac	syndrome;
	massage,	- acute cardiac
	artificial	and vascular
	respiration)	insufficiency;
	- Recognize	-hypertension
	signs of clinical	the Czech
	and biological	crisis;
	death	- renal and
	deam	
		hepatic colic;
		-vomiting,
		heartburn,
		flatulence and
		abdominal
		pain;
		 anaphylactic
		shock,
		Quincke's
		edema;
		-hyper- and
		hypoglycemic
		coma
		-Performing a
		certain
		sequence of
		actions for
		handling a
		_
9. OPK-10 Clinical food hygiene The diet of	Make a	corpse Scientific
78 - 1	competent diet in	rationale for
	алинскен шеги) Т	Lationale 101

10.	OPK-10	Personal hygiene of medical personnel.	On the annual medical examination of the personnel of the surgical department.	Wear gloves and a mask. Wearing personal work clothes (robe, cap, shoes)	optimal nutrition that promotes physical and mental development Compliance with the principles of hygienic maintenance of rooms for changing clothes, work
11.	OPK-10	Clinical environmental hygiene in the wards, corridors and utility rooms of the surgical department.	Treatment and disinfection of bedpans and urinals	Disinfect the air with a source of ultraviolet radiation. Treatment and disinfection of bedpans and urinals, hygienic treatment of the body of the operated patient	and rest of medical staff Disinfection and sterilization methods
12.	OPK-10	Clinical environmental hygiene in the operating and dressing unit.	Handle hands with disinfectant solutions, bedsores, hands before surgery operating field	Treatment of surgical instruments with disinfectant solutions	Individual dressing package, preoperative preparation of the surgical field
13.	OPK-10	Safety precautions for patient care in surgical departments.	Hands with disinfectant solutions, sanitization of the patient upon admission to the hospital	Hygienic washing of patients, gas removal from the colon	Change of underwear and bed linen of the patient, cleaner nye, siphon, nutritional and medicinal enemas

3. Place of practice in the structure of the educational program

Industrial practice Clinical practice "Assistant of a procedural nurse" refers to block 2 of the Federal State Educational Institution of Higher Education in the specialty 31.05.01 "General Medicine"

4. Scope of practice

No . No . p/ n	Type of work		Totalcredit units	Total hours	Semesters #4 hours
on e	2		3	four	5
on e	Contact work of students with teacher (total), including:			120	120
2	Student Independent Wo	ork (SIW)		60	60
3	Type of intermediate	credit (G)			
	Attestations	exam (E)	+	+	+
fo	TOTAL:General	hours			
ur	laboriousness	Z	5	180	180

5. Practice content

6.	semes ter numb er	Name of practice section	Total hours
one	2	3	four
one	6	Acquaintance with the organization of the work of the admission, therapeutic and surgical departments, the functional responsibilities of junior and middle medical staff	12
2		Maintaining the sanitary-epidemiological and medical-protective regimes of the therapeutic and surgical departments	fourteen
3		Sanitary treatment of the patient	fourteen
four		Transportation of patients	fourteen
5		Personal hygiene of the patient and medical staff. Nutrition of the sick	fourteen
6		The simplest physiotherapy procedures. Preparation of patients for laboratory and instrumental research methods	fourteen
7		Methods of using drugs	fourteen
eight		Observation and care of patients with diseases of various body systems, including dying patients. Providing first aid in emergency situations	fourteen
9		Clinical food hygiene of medical personnel of the surgical department	fourteen
ten		Personal hygiene of medical personnel	fourteen

eleven	Clinical environmental hygiene in the	fourteen
	wards, corridors and utility rooms of the	
	surgical department	
12	Clinical environmental hygiene in the	fourteen
	operating and dressing unit	
13	Safety precautions for patient care in	fourteen
	surgical departments	
TOTAL	.:	180

6. Indication of reporting forms for practice-Practice Diary-Report of the head of practice

/.Func	7.Fund of assessment tools for conducting intermediate certification of students in practice						
No./	List of	No.	Indicator(s)	Evaluation	Rating scale	Namenova	
n	competenc	semester	evaluation	criterion(s)	nia	nie	
	ies					FOS	
one	2	3	four	5	6	7	
one	OPK-10	2	See the standard	See the standard	See the	-Examination	
			for assessing the	for assessing	standard for	tickets	
			quality of	the quality of	assessing the	-Situational tasks	
			education,	education,	quality of	- Test control	
			approved by the	approved by the	education,	1000 00111101	
			Order of the	Order of the	approved by		
			Federal State	Federal State	the Order of		
			Budgetary	Budgetary	the Federal		
			Educational	Educational	State		
			Institution of	Institution of	Budgetary		
			Higher	Higher	Educational		
			Education	Education	Institution of		
			SOGMA of the	SOGMA of the	Higher		
			Ministry of	Ministry of	Education		
			Health of Russia	Health of	SOGMA of		
			No. 264/o	Russia	the Ministry		
			dated	No. 264/o	of Health of		
			07/10/2018	dated	Russia		
				07/10/2018	No. 264/o		
					dated		
					07/10/2018		

8.List of educational literature and resources of the Internet network necessary for the practice

р/		The authors)	Year, place	Number of copies			
no.	Name		of publication	in library	on the department		
one	2	3	four	5	6		
Main literature							

1.	General nursing in a therapeutic clinic	Oslopov V.N.	2004, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	one	one
			2005, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	one	one
			2006, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	246	5
			2007, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	3	one
			2008, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	eight	one
			2009, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	65	3
			2013, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	twenty	2
			2014, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	46	2
			2015, M. "GEOTAR -Media"	5	one
2.	Patient care in surgical clinic:	M.A. Evseev	M.: GEOTAR-	one	"Student Advisor" http://www.stu
	tutorial		Media, 2008.		dmedlib.ru/bo ok/ISBN9785 970414453.ht ml
3.	Fundamentals of Surgical Care- cal patients:	A.A.Glukhov	M.: GEOTAR- Media, 2009	one	"Student Advisor" http://www.atvidencedliben.
	tutorial				studmedlib.r u/bo ok/ISBN978 5970432167
4.	Surgical care sick: study guide	Chernov, I.I. Taranov, A.I. Maslov	ICC MarT, 2004 Rostov	78	
			Phoenix, 2006,	96	
			Moscow: Academy,	6	

			2012			
5.	G : 1	E LON THE	2012	47		
<i>J</i> .	Surgical care	Ed. ON THE.	M.: GEOTAR-	47		
	patients: a guide to	Kuznetsov		"Student Advisor"		
	practical exercises:		Media, 2014		studmedlib.ru	
	tutorial			_	<u>'bo</u>	
					85970420317.	
	additional literature					
one.	Emergency medical care	Ed. J. Tintinalli	M: Medicine,	one		
one.	Emergency medicar care	Ed. 3. Tillimani	2001	One	_	
2.	Basic medical procedures	Tubler Rita	M: Medicine	3	_	
	•		on,2004			
3.	Guidelines for nurses	Nikitina Yu.P.	M:	2	-	
		Chernysheva V.M.	GEOTAR-			
	T : 4	ELW N.C.	Media, 2007	~ .		
four	Emergency care in therapy and cardiology: textbook	Ed. Yu.N. Greenstein	M.: GEOTAR-	Student Advisor		
•	and cardiology, comeson		Media, 2008	-	v.studmedlib.	
			Wicdia, 2000		BN9785970	
				41116	529.html	
5.	Emergency pre-medical care:	Krasilnikova I.M.,	M.:	3	-	
	a textbook for medical schools and colleges	Moiseeva E.G.	GEOTAR-			
6	First aid: textbook	Ed. V.M. Velichko	Media, 2011 M.: AlyanS,	4		
6.	Tilst ald. textbook	Ed. V.WI. VCHCHKO	2015	twenty	-	
7.	General principles of patient	Totrov I.N.	Vladikavkaz,	-	2	
, ,	care in the therapeutic	Khetagurova Z.V.	2012		_	
	department. Guidelines for 1st year students of the Faculty of	Dzhikaeva Z.S.				
	Medicine on the course					
	"Assistant of junior medical personnel" for independent					
	work					
eigh	Educational and methodical	Totrov I.N.	Vladikav	-	2	
t.	manual for teachers and students on the basics of	Ambalova S.A.	Kaz, 2015			
	patient care	Medoeva A.A. Antoniadi I.V.				
		Medoeva A.S.				
		Enaldieva R.V.				
9.	Care in surgical practice	Camphausen U.	M.:	one		
		-	GEOTAR-			
			Media, 2009			
ten.	Patient management in a	Yu.F. Pautkin, A.E.	M.: Profile,	one		
	surgical clinic: a guide	Klimov	2007			
eleve	Educational and		Vladikavkaz:	27		
n	methodological manual on		[b.			
	Practical skills for students of		and.], 2007			
	2-3 courses of medical,					
	pediatric, medical- prophylactic and					
	stomatological faculties					

Internet resources:

 $\underline{www.studentmedlib.ru}$

www.studentlibrary.ru www.rosmedlib.ru www.meduniver.ru www.elibrary.ru

9. List of information technologies used in the practice, including a list of software and information reference systems

"Consultant Plus"
EBS "Student Advisor"
Microsoft Office
Internet Explorer

10 Description of the material and technical base necessary for the practice

No./ P	equipment identification	Quantity in	Technical condition
one	2	3	four
•	PHANTOMS	'	
1.	Nursing Kelly Nursing Mannequin (in comp lecte with membranes 3 pcs)	one	Suitable
2.	Mannequin that simulates half of the torso of an adult, for practicing tube feeding skills	2	Suitable
3.	Manikin for the diagnosis of abdominal diseases	one	Suitable
4.	Simulator for teaching fecal evacuation in patients with bed rest and enema	one	Suitable
5.	Mannequin simulator of a human hand for practicing skills blood pressure measurement	3	Suitable
6.	Stimulator for physical examination of a cardiac patient UMHARVEY	one	Suitable
7.	SmartScope Auscultation Trainer	one	Suitable
8.	Manikin simulator 12 derivations of an ECG (in one with th device for registration of an ECG), the USA	one	Suitable
9.	Simulator for intramuscular injections in the buttock	2	Suitable
10.	Insulin injection trainer	four	Suitable
11.	Hand model for practicing internal injection skills tions	four	Suitable
12.	Female Catheterization Training Demonstrator	one	Suitable
13.	Combined catheterization simulator (male, female)	one	Suitable
14.	Defibrillator-monitor DKI-N-10 "AXION"	2	Suitable
15. N	Simulator Mannequin Animated Anna	5	Suitable

Зав. библиотекой СБС В. Лодтан