No. LD-21 ИН Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education "North Ossetian State Medical Academy» Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation

УТВЕРЖДАЮ ФГБОУ ВО СОГМА Минальава России В. Ремизов мая 2023 года

WORKING PROGRAM OF PRACTICE OF "PRACTICE FOR OBTAINING PROFESSIONAL SKILLS AND PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE IN THE POSITIONS OF NURSE STAFF (WARD NURSE ASSISTANT)" of the main educational program of higher education – specialty programs in the specialty

31.05.01 Medical care, approved on 24.05.2023 (educational program, partially implemented in English)

The form of training is full-time The term of development of OPOP in 6 years Department of Internal Diseases No. 1 Department of Surgical Diseases No. 1

Vladikavkaz, 2023

When developing the work program, the disciplines are based on: The Federal State Educational Standard for the specialty 31.05.01 Medical business, approved by the Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation on August 12, 2020, № 988.

Curricula for the specialty 31.05.01 Medical business,

LD-21-01-21 LD-21-02-22 LD-21-03-23

approved by the Academic Council of the Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation on May 22, 2023, 1, Protocol No. 8.

The working program of the discipline was approved at the meeting of the Department of Internal Diseases No. 1 dated on May 22, 2023, Protocol No. 10.

The working program of the discipline was approved at the meeting of the central coordinating educational and Methodological Council dated on May 23, 2023, Protocol No. 5.

The working program of the discipline was approved by the Academic Council of the Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation on on May 23, 2023, Protocol No. 10.

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Contents of the work program

1. indication of the type of practice, method and form(s) of its implementation;

2. a list of planned learning outcomes during internship, correlated with the planned results of mastering the educational program;

3. indication of the place of practice in the structure of the educational program;

4. an indication of the scope of practice in credit units and its duration in weeks, indicating the number of academic or astronomical hours;

5. content of practice;

6. indication of practice reporting forms;

7. a fund of assessment tools for conducting intermediate certification of students in practice;

8. a list of educational literature and resources of the information and telecommunication network "Internet" (hereinafter referred to as the "Internet") necessary for practical training;

9. a list of information technologies used during practice, including a list of software and information reference systems (if necessary);

10. description of the material and technical base necessary for the practice.

No	Number	Contents of		Indicators of	I	Development results	
	/index competencies	competence (or parts thereof)	Topic of the lesson (section)	achievement competencies	know	be able to	own
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Familiarization with the organization of the work of the reception and therapeutic departments and functionalresponsibilities junior and mid-level medical staff	ID-2 OPK-4. Masters the algorithm clinical examination of the patient. ID-3 OPK-4 Knows the application algorithm medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	-Basic principles of medical ethics and deontology -Principles of organizing work and setting up medical institutions. -Principles of organizing the work of junior and middle students medical personnel -Organization of the work of the treatment room, treatment room	Installpsycholog ical and verbal contact with patients and their relatives, colleagues -Keep the necessary accounting records documentation	-Compliance with the rules of communication between medical staff and patients and their relatives, colleagues -Maintaining accounting documentation
2.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care render	Familiarization with the organization of work of the reception and therapeutic	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	-Basic principles of medical ethics and	- Installpsycholo gical and speech contact with	-Compliance with the rules of communication between medical staff and patients and their

2. List of planned learning outcomes for practice and results of mastering the educational program

		primary health care, ensure organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats	branches and functionalresponsibilities junior and mid-level medical staff		deontology -Principles of organizing work and setting up medical institutions. -Principles of organizing the work of junior and middle students medical personnel -Organization of the work of the treatment room, treatment room	patients and their relatives, colleagues -Keep the necessary accounting records documentation	relatives, colleagues -Maintaining accounting documentation
3.	PC-1	Providing medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	Familiarization with the organization of the work of the reception and therapeutic departments and functionalresponsibilities junior and mid-level medical staff	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions that require providing emergency medical care	-Basic principles of medical ethics and deontology -Principles of organizing work and setting up medical institutions. -Principles of work organization	Installpsycholog ical and verbal contact with patients and their relatives, colleagues -Keep the necessary accounting records documentation	-Compliance with the rules of communication between medical staff and patients and their relatives and colleagues -Maintaining accounting documentation

				form, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)	junior and middle medical personnel -Organization of the work of the treatment room, treatment room documentation		
4.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Maintaining sanitary and hygienic therapeutic and protectiveseparation mode	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	-Ways to maintain sanitary conditions epidemiological and medical- protective regime of the department - Daily routine in the department -Wet methods treatment of wards, offices, corridors, common areas disinfecting solutions - Cooking	 Carry out sanitary treatment of medicinal, diagnostic and utility rooms of the medical institution -Carry out processing and disinfection of vessels and urinals Provideme ntal sparing mode sick 	-Cookingworkers disinfectingx solutions -Wet cleaning of wards, corridors and common areas - Carrying out disinfection of medical medical instruments and items appointments - Sanitary control the condition of the chambers and bedside tables sick -Ventilation

					disinfecting solutions - Monitoring visits to patients and their transfers -Rules for working with HIV- infected patients and AIDS patients	-Ensure compliance with the rules of the internal daily routine and regime of rational physical activity sick -Ensure compliance with the rules when working with HIV- infected patients and patients	chambers -Safe technology working with HIV-infected and AIDS patients
5.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in conditions emergency	Maintaining sanitary and hygienic therapeutic and protectiveseparation mode	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	-Ways to maintain sanitary conditions epidemiological and medical- protective regime of the department - Daily routine in the department -Wet methods treatment of wards, offices, corridors, common areas use	AIDS - Carry out sanitary treatment of medicinal, diagnostic and utility rooms of the medical institution -Carry out processing and disinfection of vessels and urinals -Provide	-Cookingworkers disinfectingx solutions -Wet cleaning of wards, corridors and common areas - Carrying out disinfection of medical instruments and items appointments - Sanitary control

		situations, epidemics			disinfecting	mode of	the condition of
		and in areas of			solutions	sparing	the chambers and
		mass destruction			- Cookingtion	the	bedside tables
					disinfecting	patient's	sick
					solutions	psyche	-
					- Monitoring	-Ensure	Ventilationchambe
					visits to	compliance	rs
					patients and	with the rules of	-Safe
					their transfers	the internal	technology
					-Rules for	daily routine	working with
					working	and regime of	HIV-infected and
					with HIV-	rational	AIDS patients
					infected patients	physical activity	AIDS patients
					and AIDS	sick	
					patients	-Ensure	
					patients	compliance	
						with the rules	
						when working	
						with HIV-	
						infected	
						patients	
						and AIDS	
						patients	
6.	PC-1	Providing	Maintaining	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies	-Ways to	- Carry out	-Cookingworkers
	101	medical	sanitary and	clinical signs of	maintain	sanitary	disinfectant
		assistance to the	hygienic	conditions requiring	sanitary	treatment of	solutions
		patient in urgent or	therapeutic and	emergency medical care	conditions	medicinal,	-Wet cleaning of
		emergency forms	protectiveseparation mode	ID-2 PC-1 Performs	epidemiological	diagnostic and	wards, corridors
			proceedit eseparation mode	measures to provide	and medical-	utility rooms of	and common
				emergency medical care	protective regime	the medical	areas
				ID-3 PC-1 Identifies	of the department	institution	- Carrying out
				conditions that require	- Daily routine in	-Carry out	disinfection of
				providing medical	the department	processing	medical
					-Wet methods	and	tools and objects
					treatment of	disinfection	
					wards,		

				emergency assistance, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)	offices, corridors, common areas disinfecting solutions - Cookingtion disinfecting solutions - Monitoring visits to patients and their transfers -Rules for working with HIV- infected patients and AIDS patients	vessels and urinals - Provideme ntal sparing mode sick -Ensure compliance with the rules of the internal daily routine and regime of rational physical activity sick -Ensure compliance with the rules when working with HIV- infected patients and patients AIDS	medical purposes - Sanitary control the condition of the chambers and bedside tables sick - Ventilationchambe rs -Safe technology working with HIV-infected people and and AIDS patients
7.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out	Sanitary treatment of the patient	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products, provided for by the procedure for providing	-Types of sanitary treatment of the patient	-Carry out general and partial sanitary treatment of the patient -Treat a patient with pediculosis	-Treatment patient, including those with pediculosis

		examination of the patient to determine diagnosis		medical care.			
8.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats	Sanitary treatment of the patient	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	-Types of sanitary treatment of the patient	-Carry out general and partial sanitary treatment of the patient -Treat a patient with pediculosis	-Treatment of the patient, including pediculosis
9.	PC-1	Providing medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	Sanitary treatment of the patient	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide medical care in an emergency form	-Types of sanitary treatment of the patient	-Carry out general and partial sanitary treatment of the patient -Treat a patient with pediculosis	-Treatment patient, including pediculosis

				ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)			
10.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as conduct examinations of the patient in order to establish diagnosis	Transportation of patients	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	-Methods of transporting patients	- Shiftpatient from stretcher to bed, use functional bed - Transport patients	-Transportation of the patient on a wheelchair, on on a stretcher and by hand (on a stretcher)
ele ve n.	OPK-6.	Able to organize care for the sick, provide	Transportation of patients	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	-Methods of transporting patients	- Shiftpatient with stretcher on	-Transportation of the patient on a wheelchair, on

		primary health care, ensure organization work and making professional decisions in emergency conditions at the prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in areas of mass defeats				bed, use a functional bed - Transport patients	on a stretcher and by hand (on a stretcher)
12.	PC-1	Providing medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	Transportation of patients	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden termination	-Methods of transporting patients	Shiftpatient from stretcher to bed, use functional bed - Transport patients	-Transportation of the patient on a wheelchair, on a stretcher and manually (on a stretcher)

				blood circulation and respiration ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)			
13.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Personal hygiene of the patient and medical staff. Nutrition of the sick	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	-Rules of personal hygiene of the patient and medical staff -Principles of rational therapeutic nutrition patients with various pathologies -Methods of feeding seriously ill patients	-Change underwear and bedding for linen patients, provide a bedpan, urinal for seriously ill patients -Take care of the skin and mucous membranes, clean the eyes, nose, ears -Feed seriously ill patients , handle dishes after feeding	-Change of underwear and bedding linen - Supply of bedpan and urine bag -Carrying out processing and disinfection bedpans, urinals - Washing the patient - Toilet the mouth, eyes, ears, nose, etc. at sick -Care bedsores -Distribution of food, feeding seriously ill patients
14.	OPK-6.	Able to	Personal	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize care	-Rules of personal	-Change underwear	-Change of underwear and
1		organize	hygiene of the	organize care	hygiene	underwear	under wear and

patient and		and	bedding
patient and		and	bedding

		patient care, provide	medical staff. Nutrition	sick	patient and	bedding	linen
		primary health care,	of the sick		medical staff	for linen	- Supply of
		provide organization			-Principles of	patients, provide	bedpan and urine
		work and making			rational	a bedpan, urinal	bag
		professional			therapeutic	for seriously ill	-Carrying out
		decisions in			nutrition	patients	processing
		emergency situations			patients	-Take care of	and
		prehospital stage, in			with	the skin and	disinfection
		emergency			various	mucous	bedpans, urinals
		situations, epidemics			pathologies	membranes,	- Washing the
		and in areas of mass			-Methods of	clean the eyes,	patient
		destruction			feeding	nose, ears	- Toilet the
					seriously ill	-Feed seriously	mouth, eyes,
					patients	ill patients	ears, nose, etc. at
					1	, handle dishes	sick
						after feeding	-Care for
						E .	bedsores
							-Distribution of
							food, feeding
							seriously ill
							patients
15.	PC-1	Providing	Personal	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies	-Rules of personal	-Change	-Change of
		medical	hygiene of the	clinical signs of	hygiene	underwear	underwear and
		assistance to the	patient and	conditions requiring	patient and	and bedding	bedding
		patient in urgent or	medical staff. Nutrition of	emergency medical care	medical staff	for linen	linen
		emergency forms	the sick	ID-2 PC-1 Performs	-Principles of	patients, provide	- Supply of
				measures to provide	rational	a bedpan, urinal	bedpan and urine
				emergency medical care	therapeutic	for seriously ill	bag
				ID-3 PC-1 Identifies	nutrition	patients	-Carrying out
				conditions that require	of patients	-Take care of	processing
				providing emergency medical care	with	the skin and	and
				medical care	various	mucous	disinfection
					pathologies	membranes,	bedpans, urinals
					-Methods of	clean the eyes,	- Washing the
					feeding		patient
					seriously ill		-Carrying out

		patients	

				form, including clinical signs of sudden cessation blood circulation and respiration ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)		nose, ears -Feed seriously ill patients , handle dishes after feeding	toilet of the mouth, eyes, ears, nose, etc. in patients -Care for bedsores -Distribution of food, feeding seriously ill patients
16.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Protozoa physiotherapeutic procedures. Laboratory	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	-Mechanism of action of protozoa physiotherapeutic procedures -Mostfrequently used laboratory and instrumental methods studies, their diagnostic significance -Rules for pleural puncture and paracentesis -Preparationsick to functional	-Use a heating pad and ice pack -Apply mustard plasters and compresses -Give a cleansing and therapeutic enema -Carry out bladder catheterization women and men -Perform gastric lavage -Carry out sounding	-Use a heating pad, ice pack -Supply of mustard plasters and compresses -Stagingenemas - Bladder catheterization skills - Gastric lavage skills -Stomach probing skills and 12- duodenum -Prepare tools for conducting

					nal and instrumental research methods -Rules for collecting biological material for laboratory research, interpretation of results	stomach and duodenum -Prepare tools for performing pleural puncture, paracentesis -Insertion of gas tube -Collect blood, urine, feces, sputum, vomit on study -Take a swab from the throat and nasal cavity	pleural puncture, paracentesis -Collection biological material for laboratory research and interpretation of results
17.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions when urgent	Protozoa physiotherapeutic procedures. Laboratory	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	-Mechanism of action of protozoa physiotherapeutic procedures -The most commonly used laboratory and instrumental research methods, their diagnostic what significance	-Use a heating pad and ice pack -Apply mustard plasters and compresses -Give a cleansing and therapeutic enema -Carry out catheterization urinary	-Use a heating pad, ice pack -Supply of mustard plasters and compresses -Stagingenemas - Bladder catheterization skills -Washing skills

		conditions at the prehospital stage, in conditions emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats			-Rules for pleural puncture and paracentesis -Preparationsick to functional and instrumental research methods -Rules for collecting biological material for laboratory research, interpretation of results	bladder in women and men -Perform gastric lavage -Perform probing of the stomach and duodenum guts -Prepare tools for performing pleural puncture, paracentesis -Insertion of gas tube -Collect blood, urine, feces, sputum, vomit	stomach -Stomach probing skills and 12- duodenum -Prepare instruments for performing pleural puncture and paracentesis -Collection biological material for laboratory research and interpretation of results
18.	PC-1	Providing medical	The simplest physiotherapeutic	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of	-Mechanism of action of protozoa		-Use a heating pad, ice pack
		assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	procedures. Laboratory	conditions requiring medical care emergency assistance	physiotherapeutic procedures	pad and ice pack -Place mustard plasters,	-Supply of mustard plasters and

	ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)	-The most commonly used laboratory and instrumental research methods, their diagnostic significance -Rules for pleural puncture and paracentesis -Preparationsick to functional and instrumental research methods -Rules for collecting biological material for laboratory research, interpretation of results	compresses -Give a cleansing and therapeutic enema -Carry out urinary catheterization bladder in women and men -Rinse stomach -Probing the stomach and duodenum -Prepare tools for performing pleural puncture, paracentesis -Insertion of gas tube -Collect blood, urine, feces, sputum, vomit on study	compresses -Providing enemas - Bladder catheterization skills - Gastric lavage skills - Stomach probing skills and 12- duodenum -Prepare instruments for performing pleural puncture and paracentesis -Collection biological material for laboratory research and interpretation of results
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19.	OPK-4.	Capable of	Methods of using	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the	-Procedure for	-Take a swab from the throat and nasal cavity -Arrange and	-Use of external
		using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examinations patient in order to establish diagnosis	medicines	clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	storage and accounting of medicines, methods and methods of their use	distribute medications for internal use according to doctor's prescriptions -Carry out inhalation of drugs -Apply ointments, powders -Introduce drops into eyes, ears, nose -Subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular, intravenous administration of drugs -Prepare systems for intravenous infusions -Carry out prevention complications, complications	medications: drops, ointments, powders -Technique of inhalation method of administration medications -Techniques for parenteral use of drugs (subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular, intravenous administration) and methods for preventing possible complications -Techniques for collecting systems and setting up drip infusions

						arising during parenteral administration of drugs	
20.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats	Methods of using medicines	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	-Procedure for storage and accounting of medicines, methods and methods of their use	-Arrange and distribute medications for internal use according to doctor's prescriptions -Carry out inhalation of drugs -Apply ointments, powders -Introduce drops into eyes, ears, nose -Subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular, intravenous administration of drugs -Prepare intravenous systems infusions	Applicationoutdoo r medicines: drops, ointments, powders -Technique of inhalation method of drug administration -Techniques for parenteral use of drugs (subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular, intravenous administration) and methods for preventing possible complications -Technique for collecting systems and setting up drip infusions

21.	PC-1	Providing	Methods of using	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies	-Procedure for	-To prevent complications arising from parenteral administration of drugs funds -Arrange and	-Use of external
		medical assistance to a patient in emergency or emergency forms	medicines	clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electric pulse therapy	storage and accounting of medicines, methods and methods of their use	distribute medications for internal use according to doctor's prescriptions -Carry out inhalation of drugs -Apply ointments, powders -Introduce drops into eyes, ears, nose -Subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular, intravenous administration of drugs -Prepare	medications: drops, ointments, powders -Technique of inhalation method of drug administration -Techniques for parenteral use of drugs (subcutaneous, intradermal, intramuscular, intravenous administration) and methods for preventing possible complications -Technique for collecting systems and staging

				(defibrillation)		intravenous infusion systems -To prevent complications arising from parenteral administration of drugs funds	drip infusions
22.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Observation and care of patients with diseases of various body systems, including those of the dying sick. Providing first aid in emergency conditions	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	-Features of observation and care patients with respiratory, cardiovascular, digestive diseases urethral, urinary systems -Assessment of the patient's general condition (including anthropometric data), his appearance, skin color, pulse, arterial	-Carry out anthropometry of patients - Realizethermom etry - Realizemonitori ng of hemodynamics and respiration parameters -To measureda ily diuresis -Carry out oxygen therapy -Take an ECG -Provide first aid for: - hyperthermia; -cough,	-Determination of basic anthropometric indicators (height, weight, waist and chest circumference) -Carrying out thermometry -Counting the number of breathing movements and heart rate and pulse -Technique for measuring blood pressure -Removal of ECG in 12 leads,

			shortnes s of breath,	

			a	22	
			pressure, frequenci	suffocation,	recognition of
			es	acute	gross pathology
			respiratory	respiratory	(infarction,
			movements,	failure;	ischemia, rhythm
			temperature,	-	disturbances)
			diuresis	hemoptysis;	-Measurement
			-ECG registration	-nasal,	of daily urine
			-Methods	pulmonary	output
			of oxygen	and	-Carrying out
			supply	gastrointesti	thermometry
			-Principles of	nal	- Carrying out
			rendering	bleeding;	oxygen therapy
			first aid for	-pain in the	- First aid
			emergency	heart area;	technique for:
			conditions	-angina pectoris,	- hyperthermia;
			-Features of	myocardial	-cough, shortness
			observation and	infarction, acute	of breath,
			care of seriously	coronary	suffocation,
			ill and dying	syndrome;	acute respiratory
			patients	-acute cardiac	distress
			-Rules for	(acute left	insufficiency;
			handling a	ventricular) and	-hemoptysis
			corpse	vascular failure	Nye and
			-	(fainting,	bleeding;
				collapse);	-pain in the heart
				-hypertensive	area;
				crisis;	-angina pectoris,
				-vomiting,	myocardial
				heartburn and	infarction, acute
				flatulence,	coronary
				abdominal	syndrome;
				pain;	-acute
				-anaphylactic	cardiac and
				shock,	vascular
				 ,	insufficient
 1	1		1		

						Quincke's	ness;
						edema;	-hypertensive
						-hyper- and	crisis;
						hypoglycemic	-renal and
						comas	hepatic
						D C	colic;
						-Perform	-vomiting,
						elements of	heartburn,
						pulmonary-	flatulence and
						cardiac	abdominal pain;
						resuscitation	-anaphylactic
						(indirect	shock,
						cardiac	Quincke's
						massage,	edema;
						artificial	-hyper- and
						respiration)	hypoglycemic
						-Recognize	comas
						signs of clinical	
						and biological	-Performing a
						death	certain sequence
							of actions for
							handling a corpse
23.	OPK-6.	Able to organize	Observation and care of	ID-1 OPK-6 Can	-Features of	-Carry out	-Determination of
		patient care, provide	patients with	organize patient care	observation	anthropometry	basic
		primary health care,	diseases of various body		and care	of patients	anthropometric
		provide organization	systems, including those		patients with	-	indicators (height,
		work and making	of the dying		respiratory,	Realizethermom	weight, waist and
		professional	sick. Providing first		cardiovascular,	etry	chest
		decisions when	aid in emergency		digestive	-	circumference)
		urgent	conditions		diseases	Realizemonitori	-Carrying out
					urethral, urinary	ng of	thermometry
					systems	hemodynamics	-Counting the
					-Assessment of	and respiration	number of
					general condition	parameters	respiratory
					Seneral condition	-To	movements and
						measureda	ino veniento una
					1	measureua	

			ily diuresis	

Image: speed of the speed of	e and
in conditionsanthropometrictherapy-Technicemergencysituations, epidemicsand in outbreaks ofappearance, skin-Provideblood piand in outbreaks ofmasscolor, pulse,first aid for:-Removblood pressure,- hyperthermia;ECG in Idefeatsfrequency-cough,recognizirespiratoryshortess ofpathmovements,breath,(infarctemperature,suffocation,ischemia,diuresisacutedisturbation-ECG registrationrespiratoryMethodsfailure;Measureof oxygen-ly diusupplyhemoptysis;-Carryi-Principles of-nasal,thermorederingpulmonary-Carryifirst aid forandoxygen	
emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeatsdata), his situations, epidemics appearance, skin color, pulse, first aid for: respiratory shortness of patho movements, diressis ence disturbs -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -ECG registration respiratory -Principles of renasal, thermo rendering first aid for -nasal, thermo rendering first aid for and oxygen	
situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeatsappearance, skin color, pulse, first aid for: - hyperthermia; Fequency respiratory-Provide first aid for: - Remov blood pressure, recognizit respiratory shortness of movements, diuresis acute disturbs -ECG registration -Methods of oxygen-Provide shortness of patho ischemia, disturbs - hyperthermia; recognizit respiratory	
and in outbreaks of mass defeats defeats	0
mass blood pressure, - hyperthermia; ECG in 1 defeats frequency -cough, recognizi respiratory shortness of patho movements, breath, (infarce) diuresis acute disturba diuresis acute disturba -ECG registration respiratory - -Methods failure; Measurea of oxygen - ly diu supply hemoptysis; -Carryi -Principles of -nasal, thermo rendering pulmonary - Carryi first aid for and oxygen	
defeats frequency -cough, recognizing respiratory shortness of patho movements, breath, (infarce temperature, suffocation, ischemia, diuresis acute disturbation -ECG registration respiratory - -Methods failure; Measures of oxygen - ly diu supply hemoptysis; -Carrying -Principles of -nasal, thermo rendering pulmonary - Carrying first aid for and oxygen	0
Image: second	,
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diuresis acute disturbation -ECG registration respiratory - -Methods failure; Measures of oxygen - ly diu supply hemoptysis; -Carryin -Principles of -nasal, thermo rendering pulmonary - Carryin first aid for and oxygen	
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supply hemoptysis; -Carryin -Principles of -nasal, thermore rendering pulmonary - Carryin first aid for and oxygen	
-Principles of -nasal, thermo rendering pulmonary - Carryi first aid for and oxygen t	
rendering pulmonary - Carryi first aid for and oxygen	0
first aid for and oxygen t	•
50	0
emergency gastrointesti - First	
conditions nal technique	
-Features of bleeding; - hyperth	
observation and -pain in the -cough, s	
care of seriously heart area; of	breath,
ill and dying -angina pectoris, suffocation	on,
patients myocardial acute res	piratory
-Rules for infarction, acute distress	
handling coronary insuffic	ency;
syndrome; -hemo	otysis
-acute cardiac Nye	und
(acute left bleed	ng;
ventricular) and -pain in t	0
vascular	

					corpse	failure (fainting,	hearts;
					corpse	collapse);	-angina pectoris,
						-hypertensive	myocardial
						crisis;	infarction, acute
						-vomiting,	coronary
						heartburn and	syndrome;
						flatulence,	-acute
						abdominal	cardiac and
						pain;	vascular
						-anaphylactic	failure;
						shock,	-hypertensive
						Quincke's	crisis;
						edema;	-renal and
						-hyper- and	hepatic
						hypoglycemic	colic;
						comas	-vomiting,
							heartburn,
						-Perform	flatulence and
						elements of	abdominal pain;
						pulmonary-	-anaphylactic
						cardiac	shock,
						resuscitation	Quincke's
						(indirect	edema;
						cardiac	-hyper- and
						massage,	hypoglycemic
						artificial	comas
						respiration)	
						-Recognize	-Performing a
						signs of clinical	certain sequence
						and biological	of actions for
						death	handling a corpse
24.	PC-1	Providing	Observation and care of	ID-1 PC-1 Detects	-Features of	-Carry out	-Definition of
		medical	patients with	clinical signs	observation	anthropometry	basic
		helping the patient in	diseases	conditions requiring	and care	of patients	anthropometrics
				medical care		*	1.

urgent or		dy systems,	emergency assistance	patients with	-	certain indicators
emergency		the dying	ID-2 PC-1 Performs	respiratory,	Realizethermom	(height, weight,
		viding first	measures to provide emergency medical care	cardiovascular,	etry	waist and chest
		nergency itions	ID-3 PC-1 Identifies	digestive	- Deelizeneeniteni	circumference)
	cond	nions	conditions requiring	diseases	Realizemonitori	-Carrying out
			emergency medical	urethral, urinary	ng of	thermometry
			care, including clinical	systems -Assessment of	hemodynamics	-Counting the number of
			signs of sudden	the patient's	and respiration	breathing
			cessation of blood	general	parameters -To	movements
			circulation and	condition	measureda	and
			breathing	(including		heart rate and
			ID-4 PC-1 Performs	anthropometric	ily diuresis	pulse
			basic cardiopulmonary	data), his	-Carry out	-Technique for
			resuscitation in	appearance, skin	oxygen	measuring
			combination with	color, pulse,	therapy	blood pressure
			electrical pulse therapy	blood pressure,	-Take an ECG	- Taking an ECG
			(defibrillation)	frequency	-Provide	in 12 leads,
				respiratory	first aid for:	recognizing gross
				movements,	- hyperthermia;	pathology
				temperature,	-cough,	(infarction,
				diuresis	shortness of	ischemia,
				-ECG registration	breath,	rhythm
				-Methods	suffocation,	disturbances
				of oxygen	acute)
				supply	respiratory	-
				-Principles of	failure;	Measurementdai
				rendering	-	ly diuresis
				first aid for	hemoptysis;	-Carrying out
					-nasal,	thermometry
					pulmonary	- Carrying out
					and	oxygen therapy
					gastrointesti	- First aid
					nal	technique
					bleeding;	
					-pain in the	

	52		
		heart area; -angina pectoris, heart attack	

			1'	
		emergency	myocardium	using:
		conditions	, acute	- hyperthermia;
		-Features of	coronary	-cough, shortness
		observation and	syndrome;	of breath,
		care of seriously	-acute cardiac	suffocation,
		ill and dying	(acute left	acute respiratory
		patients	ventricular) and	distress
		-Rules for	vascular failure	insufficiency;
		handling a	(fainting,	-hemoptysis
		corpse	collapse);	Nye and
			-hypertensive	bleeding;
			crisis;	-pain in the heart
			-vomiting,	area;
			heartburn and	-angina pectoris,
			flatulence,	myocardial
			abdominal	infarction, acute
			pain;	coronary
			-anaphylactic	syndrome;
			shock,	-acute
			Quincke's	cardiac and
			edema;	vascular
			-hyper- and	failure;
			hypoglycemic	-hypertensive
			comas	crisis;
				-renal and
			-Perform	hepatic
			elements of	colic;
			pulmonary-	-vomiting,
			cardiac	heartburn,
			resuscitation	flatulence and
			(indirect	abdominal pain;
			cardiac	-anaphylactic
			massage,	shock,
			artificial	Quincke's
			respiration)	edema;
			-Recognize	-hyper- and

	34		humoaluoomio
			hypoglycemic their komah

						signs of clinical and biological death	-Performing a certain sequence of actions for handling a corpse
25.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Clinical food hygiene of medical personnel in the surgical department	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	Diet of medical personnel.	Create a competent diet that respects all energy costs	The scientific basis for optimal nutrition that promotes physical and mental development
26.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital	Clinical food hygiene of medical personnel in the surgical department	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	Diet of medical personnel.	Create a competent diet that respects all energy costs	The scientific basis for optimal nutrition that promotes physical and mental development

		stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats					
27.	PC-1	Providing medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	Clinical food hygiene of medical personnel in the surgical department	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)	Diet of medical personnel.	Create a competent diet that respects all energy costs	The scientific basis for optimal nutrition that promotes physical and mental development

28.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Personal hygiene of medical personnel.	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	ABOUT annual examination of the staff of the surgical department.	Wear gloves and a mask. Wearing personal work clothes (robe, cap, shoes)	Compliance with the principles of hygienic maintenance of rooms for changing clothes, work and rest of medical staff
29.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats	Personal hygiene of medical personnel.	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	ABOUT annual examination of the staff of the surgical department.	Wear gloves and a mask. Wearing personal work clothes (robe, cap, shoes)	Compliance with the principles of hygienic maintenance rooms for changing clothes, work and rest of medical staff
thir ty.	PC-1	Rendering	Personal hygiene	ID-1 PC-1 Reveals	ABOUT	put on	Compliance

		medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	medical personnel.	clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)	annual examination of the staff of the surgical department.	gloves and mask. Wearing personal work clothes (robe, cap, shoes)	principles of hygienic maintenance of rooms for changing clothes, work and rest of medical staff
31.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical help, as well as	Clinical environmental hygiene in wards, corridors and utility rooms of the surgical department.	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products,	Treatment and disinfection of bedpans and urinals	Conduct air disinfection source of ultraviolet radiation. Treatment and disinfection	Methods disinfection and sterilization

		conduct examinations of the patient in order to establish diagnosis		provided for by the procedure for providing medical care.		bedpans and urinals, hygienic treatment of the body of the operated patient	
32.	ОРК-б.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats	Clinical environmental hygiene in wards, corridors and utility rooms of the surgical department.	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	Treatment and disinfection of bedpans and urinals	Conduct disinfection of air with a source of ultraviolet radiation. Treatment and disinfection of bedpans and urinals, hygienic treatment of the body of the operated patient	Methods disinfection and sterilization
33.	PC-1	Providing medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	Clinical environmental hygiene in wards, corridors and utility rooms of a surgical	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care form	Treatment and disinfection of bedpans and urine collection bags	Conduct air disinfection with an ultraviolet light source	Methods disinfection and sterilization

			departments.	ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)	cove	vogo radiation. Treatment and disinfection of bedpans and urinals, hygienic treatment of the body of the operated patient	
34.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient for the purpose establishing	Clinical environmental hygiene in the operating room	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	Handlehands disinfectant solutions, bedsores, hands before surgery, surgical field	Treating surgical instruments with disinfectant solutions	Individual dressing package, preoperative preparation of the surgical field

		diagnosis					
35.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care, provide organization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats	Clinical environmental hygiene in the operating room	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	Handlehands disinfectant solutions, bedsores, hands before surgery, surgical field	Treating surgical instruments with disinfectant solutions	Individual dressing package, preoperative preparation of the surgical field
36.	PC-1	Providing medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	Clinical environmental hygiene in the operating room	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Reveals conditions requiring medical care	Handlehands disinfectant solutions, bedsores, hands before surgery, surgical field	Treating surgical instruments with disinfectant solutions	Individual dressing package, preoperative preparation of the surgical field

				emergency assistance, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation in combination with electrical pulse therapy (defibrillation)			
37.	OPK-4.	Capable of using medical devices provided for by the procedure for providing medical care, as well as carry out examination of the patient to determine diagnosis	Safety precautions for caring for patients in surgical departments.	ID-2 OPK-4. Knows the clinical algorithm patient examinations. ID- 3 OPK-4 Masters the algorithm applications medical products provided for in the procedure for providing medical care.	Hands disinfectant solutions, sanitary treatment patient upon admission to hospital	Hygienicwashing away patients, gas removal from the colon	Change of body and bed sheets patient's linen, cleaner ny, siphon, nutritious and medicinal enemas
38.	OPK-6.	Able to organize patient care, provide primary health care sanitary assistance,	Safety precautions for caring for patients in surgical departments.	ID-1 OPK-6 Can organize patient care	Hands disinfectant solutions, sanitary treatment patient with	Hygienicwashing away patients, gas removal from the colon	Change of body and bed sheets patient's linen, cleaner ny, siphon, nutritional and medicinal

		provideorganization work and making professional decisions in emergency situations prehospital stage, in emergency situations, epidemics and in outbreaks of mass defeats			admission to hospital		enemas
39.	PC-1	Providing medical assistance to the patient in urgent or emergency forms	Safety precautions for caring for patients in surgical departments.	ID-1 PC-1 Identifies clinical signs of conditions requiring emergency medical care ID-2 PC-1 Performs measures to provide emergency medical care ID-3 PC-1 Identifies conditions requiring emergency medical care, including clinical signs of sudden cessation of blood circulation and breathing ID-4 PC-1 Performs	Hands disinfectant solutions, sanitary treatment patient upon admission to hospital	Hygienicwashing away patients, gas removal from the colon	Change of body and bed sheets patient's linen, cleaner ny, siphon, nutritious and medicinal enemas

		easures of basic ardiopulmonary		
	I	resuscitation in ombination with		
		ectrical impulse		
		therapy (defibrillation)		
		``'		

3. Place of practice in the structure of the educational program

Practice for obtaining professional skills and professional experience in positions of nursing staff (ward nurse assistant)" refers to block 2 of the Federal State Educational Standard for Higher Education in the specialty 05/31/01 "Medicine".

4.	Scope of practice					
No.			Tatal		Semesters	
No			Total credit	Total hours	No. 4	
•	Type of work	•	units		hours	
1	2		3	4	5	
1	Contact work between stu the teacher (total), includi			120	120	
2	Student independent work	x (SWS)		60	60	
3	Type of intermediate	test (G)				
	certification	exam (E)	+	+	+	
4	TOTAL:Total labor	hours				
	intensity	ZET	5	180	180	

5. Contents of practice

1	No. seven mont hs	Name of practice section	Total hours
1	2	3	4
1	6	Familiarization with the organization of the work of the reception, therapeutic and surgical departments, functional responsibilities of junior and nursing staff	12
2		Maintaining sanitary, epidemiological and treatment protective regimes of therapeutic and surgical departments	14
3		Sanitary treatment of the patient	14
4		Transportation of patients	14
5		Personal hygiene of the patient and medical staff. Nutrition of the sick	14
6		The simplest physiotherapeutic procedures. Preparing patients for laboratory and instrumental research methods	14
7		Methods of using drugs	14

8	Observation and care of patients with diseases	14
	of various systems	
	organism, including dying	
	sick. Providing first aid in emergency	
	conditions	
9	Clinical food hygiene	14
	medical staff of the surgical department	
10	Personal hygiene of medical personnel	14
eleve	Clinical environmental hygiene in wards,	14
n	corridors and utility rooms of the surgical	
	department	
12	Clinical environmental hygiene in the	14
	operating and dressing unit	
13	Safety precautions for caring for patients in	14
	surgical departments	
TOTAL:		180

6. List of educational and methodological support for independent work of students in practice -Practice diary

-Report of the practice manager

7. Assessment materials for conducting intermediate certification of students in practice

	No./	List of	No.	Assessment	Evaluation	Grading	Name of
	р	competen cies	semester	Indicator(s)	criterion(s)	scale	assessment materials
_	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	1	OPK-4 OPK- 6PC-1	2	See grading standard quality of education, approved by the Order of the Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education SOGMA Ministry of Health of Russia No. 264/o dated July 10, 2018	See grading standard quality of education, approved by the Order of the Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education SOGMA Ministry of Health of Russia No. 264/o dated July 10, 2018	Cm. standard for assessing the quality of education , approved by the Order of the Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education SOGMA Ministry of Health of Russia No. 264/o dated July 10, 2018	-Examination tickets -Situational tasks -Testcontrol

		ducational literature n		Number of copies	
p/no.	Name	Authors)	Year, place of publicati on	in bib Lyotheq ue	at the departm ent
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Main literature	e		
1.	General care	Oslopov V.N.	2004, M.	1	1
	sick in		"GEOTAR-		
	therapeutic		Media"		
	clinic		2005, M.	1	1
			"GEOTAR-		
			Media"		
			2006, M.	246	5
			"GEOTAR-		
			Media"	3	1
			2007, M. "GEOTAR-	3	1
			Media"		
			2008, M.	8	1
			"GEOTAR-	0	1
			Media"		
			2009, M.	65	3
			"GEOTAR-		
			Media"		
			2013, M.	20	2
			"GEOTAR- Madia"		
			Media" 2014, M.	46	2
			"GEOTAR-	40	2
			Media"		
			2015, M.	5	1
			"GEOTAR-		
			Media"		
2.	Nursing in	M.A.Evseev	M.:	1	"Consultant
	surgical clinic: textbook		GEOTAR-		student"
	8		Media,		http://www.stu
			2008.		medlib.ru/bo
					ok/ISBN97859 70414453.htm
3.	Desire of survival		M	1	
5.	Basics of surgical	A.A.Glukhov	M.: GEOTAR	1	"Student Consultant"
	care				Consultant
	for clinical patients:		Media, 2009		http://www.s
	-		1vicula, 2009		udmedlib.ru/
	a textbook				bo
					<u>ok/ISBN9785</u> <u>970432167</u>
4.	Surgical care	Chernov, I.I.	ICC MarT,	78	
	sick: study guide	Taranov, A.I.	2004		
		Maslov	Rostov		

					1
			Phoenix, 2006,	96	
			M.: Academy, 2012	6	
5.	Surgical care patients: a guide to practical exercises:	Ed. ON THE. Kuznetsov	M.: GEOTAR -	47 "Student Consultant"h	ttp://www.stu
	tutorial		Media,2014		<u>o</u> 5970420317.ht ml
		additional literatu	ıre		
1.	Emergency medical care	Ed. J. Tintinally	M: Medicine,200	1	-
2.	Basic medical procedures	Tubler Rita	M: Meditsi on,2004	3	-
3.	Guide for paramedical workers	Nikitina Yu.P. Chernysheva V.M.	M:GEOTAR- Media, 2007	2	-
4.	Emergency care in therapy and cardiology: a textbook	Ed. Yu.N. Greenstein	M.: GEOTAR- Media, 2008	Student Advisorhttp://www.studm edlib.ru /book/ISBN97859704111 629.html	
5.	Emergency first aid: a training manual for medical schools and colleges	Krasilnikova I.M., Moiseeva E.G.	M.: GEOTAR- Media, 2011	3	-
6.	First aid: training manual	Ed. V.M. Velichko	M.: Alliance, 2015	20	-
7.	General principles of nursing in a therapeutic setting department. Methodological recommendations for 1st year students of the Faculty of Medicine for the course "Junior Medical Staff Assistant" for independent work	Totrov I.N. Khetagurova Z.V. Dzhikaeva Z.S.	Vladikav- Kaz, 2012	-	2
8.	Educational and methodological manual for teachers and students on the basics of nursing for the sick	Totrov I.N. Ambalova S.A. Medoeva A.A. Antoniadi I.V. Medoeva A.S. Enaldieva R.V.	Vladikav Kaz, 2015	-	2
9.	Care in surgical practice	Kamphausen W.	M.: GEOTAR- Media, 2009	1	
10.	Patient management in a surgical clinic: management	Yu.F. Pautkin, A.E. Klimov	M.: Profile, 2007	1	
eleve n	Educational and methodologicalPractical Skills		Vladikavkaz:[b	27	

Guide for		

students of 2-3 years of medica	i.], 2007
treatment, pediatric, medical, preventive an dentalfaculties	d
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9. Scroll educational proc	information cess by practice	technologies,	used	at i	mplementation
"Consultant Plu	s"				
EBS "Student C	Consultant"				
Microsoft Office Internet Explorer					
ĩ					

10.	Description	logistical	bases,	necessary	For
	implementati	ioneducational process by pra-	ctice		

implementationeducational process by practice					
No ./	Name of equipment	Quantity in	Technical state		
P					
1	2	3	4		
	PHANTOMS				
1.	Nursing Kelly Patient Care Mannequin (includes	1	Suitable		
	lect with membranes 3 pcs)				
2.	Mannequin simulating half of an adult's torso	2	Suitable		
	person, to practice tube feeding skills				
3.	Manikin for diagnosing abdominal diseases	1	Suitable		
4.	Simulator for teaching the evacuation of feces in patients	1	Suitable		
	with bed rest and enemas				
5.	Mannequin human hand simulator for practicing skills	3	Suitable		
	how to measure blood pressure				
6.	Physical examination stimulator	1	Suitable		
	cardiac patient UMHARVEY				
7.	SmartScope Auscultation Trainer	1	Suitable		
8.	Manikin-simulator 12 leads ECG (included with	1	Suitable		
	ECG recording device), USA				
9.	Exercise machine for intramuscular injections into the	2	Suitable		
10	buttock	1	Switchle		
10.	Training pad for practicing injection skills	4	Suitable		

	insulin		
eleve	Hand model for practicing internal injection skills	4	Suitable
n.	tions		
12.	Teaching demonstration model of female catheterization-qi	1	Suitable
13.	Combined catheterization simulator (male,	1	Suitable
	female)		
14.	Defibrillator-monitor DKI-N-10 "AXION"	2	Suitable
15.	Simulator mannequin Animated Anna	5	Suitable