## Abstract of the work program of the discipline "Infectious Diseases"

The main professional educational program of higher education is a specialty program in the specialty 31.05.01 "General Medicine", approved 24.05.2023 y.

Full-time form of education

Term of mastering the OBOP VO: 6 years

Department: Infectious Diseases

- 1. The purpose of the discipline: the student's acquisition of knowledge in the field of infectious diseases, as well as the principles of treatment and prevention of infectious diseases.
- 2. Place of discipline in the structure of OBOP VO: The discipline refers to the disciplines of the basic part of the block of the Federal State Educational Standard of Higher Education in the specialty "General Medicine".
- 3. Requirements to results of mastering the discipline:

The process of studying the discipline is aimed at the formation and development of competencies: OPK-8, PC-5, PC -6, PC-8 As a result of studying the discipline, the student must know:

- -pathogenesis of infectious diseases, their main clinical manifestations, basic methods of laboratory and instrumental diagnostics used in Infectology (indications for use, theoretical basis of the method, interpretation of results);
- -basic principles of treatment of infectious diseases and rehabilitation of patients, indications for hospitalization of an infectious patient, specific and non-specific prevention of infectious diseases -structure of the infectious service, indications for outpatient treatment of an infectious patient, transportation of an infectious patient to a hospital:
- rules of isolation during hospitalization of patients, sanitary and hygienic requirements for the device, organization of work and mode of infectious diseases hospitals, departments, boxes;
- features of collecting highly pathogenic biological materials; precautions, special clothing;
- features of the organization of work with patients with HIV infection;
- clinical and pharmacological characteristics of the main groups of medicines and rational choice of specific medicines in the treatment of major pathological syndromes of diseases and emergency conditions in patients.

## be able to:

- suspect an infectious disease in the patient; determine the patient's status: conduct a survey of the patient and/or his relatives, collect anamnesis (including epidemiological history), conduct a physical examination of the patient (examination, palpation, auscultation);
- conduct an initial examination of the following systems and organs: nervous, immune, respiratory, cardiovascular, blood and hematopoietic organs, digestive, urinary, musculoskeletal and joints, eye, ear, throat, nose;
- identify leading clinical and clinical-laboratory syndromes;
- evaluate the differential diagnostic significance of symptoms and syndromes characteristic of infectious diseases;
- make a differential diagnosis between different diseases with similar clinical symptoms;
- evaluate the patient's condition to make a decision about the need for medical care;
- make a preliminary diagnosis synthesize information about the patient in order to determine the pathology and its causes;
- outline the scope of additional studies in accordance with the prognosis of the disease, to clarify the diagnosis and obtain a reliable result;

- choose an individual type of care for the patient's treatment in accordance with the situation: primary care, ambulance, hospitalization;
- formulate a clinical diagnosis;
- develop a plan of therapeutic actions, taking into account the course of the disease and its treatment:
- formulate indications for the chosen method of treatment, taking into account etiotropic and pathogenetic agents, justify pharmacotherapy in a particular patient with the main pathological syndromes and emergency conditions, determine the route of administration, regimen and dose of medications, evaluate the effectiveness and safety of the treatment;
- use different methods of drug administration; fill out a medical history, write a prescription;

## Own:

skills of questioning, collecting complaints, anamnesis of the disease and epidanamnesis in an infectious patient;

- methods of General clinical examination;
- interpretation of the results of laboratory and instrumental diagnostic methods; algorithms for making a preliminary and final clinical diagnosis with subsequent referral of the patient to the appropriate specialist;
- the main medical diagnostic and therapeutic measures to provide first aid in emergency and lifethreatening conditions;

methods for collecting biological material for clinical, bacteriological and serological studies; - modern methods of complex treatment of infectious patients; - proper maintenance of medical records;

- 4. the total labor intensity of the discipline is 9 credits (324 hours)
- 5. Semester: 9, 10
- 6. The basic sections of discipline:
  - 1. General issues of infectious pathology.
  - 2. Particular issues of infectious pathology.
- 7. The form of interim assessment examination

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