Federal State Budgetary Institution of Higher Professional Education
"North-Ossetian State Medical Academy" Of the Ministry of Healthcare of the
Russian Federation Education and Methodic management



WORKING PROGRAM OF DISCIPLINE

"Biochemistry"

Speciality31.05.01 general medicine (speciality)

Full-time form of education

(full-time, part-time (evening), extramural tuition)

The period of development of OPOP is 6 years

(Standard term of study)

Department of Biological Chemistry

When developing a work program, the discipline is based on:

- Federal State Educational Standard of Higher Education on specialty 31.05.01 general medicine, approved by the Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation on February 9, 2016, № 95
- Academic plan on specialty 31.05.01 general medicine, approved by the Scientific Council of the Federal budget educational institution of Higher Professional Education North Ossetian State Medical Academy Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation "19" February 2020, protocol № 3.

The work program of the discipline was approved at a meeting of the department of Biological Chemistry from "11" February 2020, protocol №. 8

The work program of the discipline was approved at a meeting of the central coordinating training and methodological council from "12" February 2020, protocol No. 3

The work program of the discipline was approved by the Scientific Council of the State Medical University of the Higher Medical Education of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation from "19" February 2020, protocol №. 3.

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Contents of the work program

- 1. The name of the discipline;
- 2. List of planned learning outcomes for the discipline, correlated with the planned results of the educational program;
- 3. Indication of the place of the discipline in the structure of the educational program;
- 4. The amount of discipline in credit units, indicating the number of academic or astronomical hours allocated to the contact work of students with the teacher (by types of training sessions) and the independent work of students;
- 5. Content of the discipline, structured according to topics (sections) with indication of the number of academic or astronomical hours and types of study sessions allocated for them;
- 6. List of educational and methodological support for independent work of students on discipline;
- 7. A fund of evaluation tools for conducting intermediate certification of trainees in discipline;
- 8. List of basic and additional educational literature necessary for mastering the discipline;
- 9. List of resources of the information and telecommunications network "Internet" (hereinafter referred to as the "Internet" network), necessary for mastering the discipline;
- 10. Methodical instructions for students to develop discipline;
- 11. List of information technologies used in the implementation of the educational process for discipline, including a list of software and information reference systems (if necessary);
- 12. A description of the material and technical base necessary for the implementation of the educational process for discipline.

2. The list of planned learning outcomes for the discipline and the results of mastering the educational program.

Nº	Comp		Res	sults of develop	oment
№ п/ п	etency numb er / index	Contents of the discipline (or its sections)	know	Be able to	own
1	2	3			
1.	GPC-7	 Proteinogenic amino acids: structure, properties, classification. Chemistry of simple proteins, the structural organization of the protein molecule. Physicochemical properties of simple proteins. Methods of precipitation. Physicochemical properties of complex proteins. Enzymes as biological catalysts: structure and properties. Determination of enzymatic activity in biological fluids. Water-soluble vitamins: 	To know the chemical-biological essence of the processes occurring in the living body of a person at the molecular and cellular levels.	Be able to apply the methods studied to solve professional problems.	Process laboratory- chemical methods for studying the processes occurring in the body .

vitamin B1, B2,	
B6, PP, C.	
Coenzyme	
function.	
Participation in	
metabolism and	
energy	
7. Regulation of	
enzyme	
activity.	
Medical aspects	
of enzymology	
8. Fat-soluble	
vitamins A, D,	
E, F, K.	
Metabolism of	
vitamins D in	
the human body	
9. Lipids of	
biomembranes,	
structure,	
functions.	
Methods of	
transmembrane	
transport of	
substances.	
Mechanisms of	
signal receipt	
into the cell	
10.Metabolism and	
energy. The	
chain of	
transport of	
electrons, its	
structural	
organization.	
Themechanism	
ofoxidativephos	
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phorylation 11.Peroxide	
oxidation. Its	
role in the norm	
and pathology.	
Active forms of	
oxygen	
oxygen	

12.The common	
path of	
catabolism - th	ne
cycle of	
tricarboxylic	
acids.	
Determination	
of the activity	
of succinate	
dehydrogenas	
13.Digestion of	
carbohydrates	
in the	
gastrointestina	1
tract	
14. Anaerobic	
oxidation of	
glucose:	
glycolysis,	
glycogenolysi	s
alcohol	
fermentation	
15.Aerobic:	
dichotomous	
and apotomic	
oxidation of	
glucose	
16.Regulation of	
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blood glucose level.	
	oj.
Gluconeogene	
s. Exchange of	
glycogen.	_e
Disturbance of	
carbohydrate	
metabolism	
17. Digestion and	
absorption of	
lipids in the	
gastrointestina	
tract. The role	
of bile acids in	
this process.	
Formation of	
transport form	S

	lipids.		
	change of		
hig	ther fatty		
aci	ds and		
ket	cone bodies:		
OX	idation and		
bio	synthesis.		
	gulation.		
	termination		
	ketone		
	dies in the		
uri			
	change of		
	nple and		
	mplex lipids:		
	G and		
	ospholipids		
1 1 -	olesterol		
	change.		
	antitative		
_	ermination		
	cholesterol in		
	od serum.		
	ansport forms		
	lipids. Lipid		
	change		
1 1 -	thology		
I I	gestion and		
	sorption of		
	oteins. termination		
	the activity		
	gastric juice		
	zymes.		
	mmon ways		
	amino acid		
	abolism:		
	nsamination		
	d decarboxyl.		
	nical and		
	gnostic		
	lues. Op.		
	tivity of		
	nsaminases		
in in	sow. Kr		

	23.Ways of	
	accumulation	
	and	
	neutralization	
	of ammonia in	
	the human body	
	24.Exchange of	
	individual	
	amino acids.	
	Irreplaceable	
	amino acids.	
	25.Exchange of	
	nucleoproteins:	
	purine and	
	pyrimidine	
	nucleotides.	
	26.Exchange of	
	chromoproteins	
	: biosynthesis	
	and	
	decomposition	
	of hemoglobin	
	in tissues.	
	Porphyria.	
	Biochemical	
	diagnosis of	
	jaundice.	
	Exchange of	
	iron	
	27.Introduction to	
	endocrinology.	
	Chemistry of	
	peptide	
	hormones.	
	Secondary	
	messengers.	
	Carrying out a	
	hormonal	
	signal.	
	28.Chemistryofster	
	oidhormones.	
	29.Biochemistry of	
	blood and	
	immunity.	
	30.Biochemistry of	
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		urine. Water- mineral exchange.			
2.	PC-21	 Proteinogenic amino acids: structure, properties, classification. Chemistry of simple proteins, the structural organization of the protein molecule. Physicochemical properties of simple proteins. Methods of precipitation. Physicochemical properties of simple proteins. Enzymes as biological catalysts: 	To know the structure and properties of the main classes of biologicall y important compounds , the basic metabolic pathways for their transformat ion, the role of cell membranes , transport systems, and	Be able to apply the accumulated knowledge about molecular biochemical processes for scientific research.	Possess biochemical methods of research in conditions of norm and pathology.

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structure and	metabolis
properties.	m in the
Determination	human
of enzymatic	body.
activity in	
biological	
fluids.	
6. Water-soluble	
vitamins:	
vitamin B1, B2,	
B6, PP, C.	
Coenzyme	
function.	
Participation in	
metabolism and	
energy	
7. Regulation of	
enzyme	
activity.	
Medical aspects	
of enzymology	
8. Fat-soluble	
vitamins A, D,	
E, F, K.	
Metabolism of	
vitamins D in	
the human body	
9. Lipids of	
biomembranes,	
structure,	
functions.	
Methods of	
transmembrane	
transport of	
substances.	
Mechanisms of	
signal receipt	
into the cell	
10.Metabolism and	
energy. The	
chain of	
transport of	
electrons, its structural	
organization.	

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Themechanism		
ofoxidativephos		
phorylation		
11.Peroxide		
oxidation. Its		
role in the norm		
and pathology.		
Active forms of		
oxygen		
12.The common		
path of		
catabolism - the		
cycle of		
tricarboxylic		
acids.		
Determination		
of the activity of succinate		
dehydrogenase		
13.Digestion of		
carbohydrates		
in the		
gastrointestinal		
tract		
14.Anaerobic		
oxidation of		
glucose:		
glycolysis,		
glycogenolysis,		
alcohol		
fermentation		
15.Aerobic:		
dichotomous		
and apotomic		
oxidation of		
glucose		
16.Regulation of		
blood glucose		
level.		
Gluconeogenesi		
s. Exchange of		
glycogen.		
Disturbance of		
carbohydrate		
metabolism		
metaoonom	I	

17.Digestion and	
absorption of	
lipids in the	
gastrointestinal	
tract. The role	
of bile acids in	
this process.	
Formation of	
transport forms	
of lipids.	
18.Exchange of	
higher fatty	
acids and	
ketone bodies:	
oxidation and	
biosynthesis.	
Regulation.	
Determination	
of ketone	
bodies in the	
urine	
19.Exchange of	
simple and	
complex lipids:	
TAG and	
phospholipids	
20.Cholesterol	
exchange.	
Quantitative	
determination	
of cholesterol in	
blood serum.	
Transportforms	
oflipids.	
Lipidexchangep	
athology	
21.Digestion and	
absorption of	
proteins. Determination	
of the activity	
of gastric juice	
enzymes.	
22.Common ways	
of amino acid	

	catabolism:		
	transamination		
	and decarboxyl.		
	Clinical and		
	diagnostic		
	values. Op.		
	Activity of		
	transaminases		
	in sow. Kr		
	23.Ways of		
	accumulation		
	and		
	neutralization		
	of ammonia in		
	the human body		
	24.Exchange of		
	individual		
	amino acids.		
	Irreplaceable		
	amino acids.		
	25.Exchange of		
	nucleoproteins:		
	purine and		
	pyrimidine		
	nucleotides.		
	26.Exchange of		
	chromoproteins		
	: biosynthesis		
	and		
	decomposition		
	of hemoglobin		
	in tissues.		
	Porphyria.		
	Biochemical		
	diagnosis of		
	jaundice.		
	Exchange of		
	iron		
	27.Introduction to		
	endocrinology.		
	Chemistry of		
	peptide		
	hormones.		
	Secondary		
	messengers.		
<u> </u>			<u> </u>

		Carrying out a hormonal signal. 28. Chemistryofster oidhormones. 29. Biochemistry of blood and immunity. 30. Biochemistry of urine. Watermineral exchange.			
3.	PC-22	1. Proteinogenic amino acids: structure, properties, classification. 2. Chemistry of simple proteins, the structural organization of the protein molecule. 3. Physico-chemical properties of simple proteins. Methods of precipitation. 4. Physico-chemical properties of complex proteins. 5. Enzymes as biological catalysts: structure and properties. Determination of enzymatic	To know the general laws governing the conduct and developme nt of life, anthropoge nesis and ontogeny of man, the functional systems of the human body	Be able to use physical, chemical and biological equipment	Own basic information conversion technologies, text, tabular, editor, network search

activity in	
biological	
fluids.	
6. Water-soluble	
vitamins:	
vitamin B1, B2,	
B6, PP, C.	
Coenzyme	
function.	
Participation in	
metabolism and	
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transmembrane	
transport of substances.	
Mechanisms of	
signal receipt	
into the cell	
10.Metabolism and	
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chain of	
transport of	
electrons, its	
structural	
organization.	
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ofoxidativephos	
phorylation	
11.Peroxide	

F	_
	oxidation. Its
	role in the norm
	and pathology.
	Active forms of
	oxygen
	12.The common
	path of
	catabolism - the
	cycle of
	tricarboxylic
	acids.
	Determination
	of the activity
	of succinate
	dehydrogenase
	13.Digestion of
	carbohydrates
	in the
	gastrointestinal
	tract
	14. Anaerobic
	oxidation of
	glucose:
	glycolysis,
	glycogenolysis,
	alcohol
	fermentation
	15.Aerobic:
	dichotomous
	and apotomic
	oxidation of
	glucose
	16.Regulation of
	blood glucose
	level.
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	Disturbance of
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	metabolism
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	absorption of
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of bile acids in		
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biosynthesis.		
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of ketone		
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of cholesterol in		
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of the activity		
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and decarboxyl.		
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pyrimidine		
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26.Exchange of		
chromoproteins		
: biosynthesis		
and		
decomposition		
of hemoglobin		
in tissues.		
Porphyria.		
Biochemical		
diagnosis of		
jaundice.		
Exchange of		
iron		
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Chemistry of		
peptide		
hormones.		
Secondary		
messengers.		
Carrying out a		
hormonal		
signal.		
28.Chemistryofster		
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oidhormones.		
29.Biochemistry of		
blood and		
immunity.		
30.Biochemistry of		
urine. Water-		
mineral		
exchange.		
exchange.		

3. The place of discipline in the structure of the educational program

3.1.1.Discipline - Biological chemistry, refers to the cycle of the base part of the Block 1 ofFederal State Educational Standard of Higher Education on specialty 31.05.01 general medicine, the knowledge of which is necessary for every physician. In the general system of doctor training, biological chemistry occupies a special position - it is a science that, on the one hand, provides fundamental general biological knowledge, and on the other hand it is applied medical.

4. Scope of discipline.

No				Semesters	
№		Total		III	IV
п/		credit units	Total hours	TT	TT
П	Type of work	umis		Hour	Hou
				S	rs
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Contact work of students with	4	144	60	84
	Teacher (total), including:				
2	Lectures (L)		40	20	20
3	Clinical practical exercises (PE)				

4	Seminars (S)					
5	Laboratory work (LV	W)	3	104	40	64
6	Independent stu (ISW)	dent work	2	72	30	42
7	Type of intermediate	Set-off (G)				
		Exam (E)	1	36	-	36
	Attestation					
8	TOTAL: Total	Hours	252	252	90	162
	Laborintensity	Accounting unit of labor intensity	7	7	2,5	4,5

5. The content of the discipline.

п/ №	№ semester	The name of the section	The types of academic work, including independent work of students (in hours) Lectu LW P SI just res W W				Forms of current control of progress	
1	3	Chemistry of simple and complex proteins	4	10	-	4	18	test control with the elements of visual identification, interview, situational tasks, written survey, module
2	3	Enzymes medical aspects of	4	6	-	4	14	test control with the elements of visual identification, interview, situational

		Enzymology						tasks, written survey, module
3	3	Vitamins and coenzymes	-	4	-	4	8	test, interview, situational tasks, written survey, examination
4	3	The basics of biosynthesis of nucleic acids and proteins	-	-	-	8	8	test control with the elements of visual identification, a written survey, module
5	3	Lipids, structure, properties, classification. The structure and function of biological membranes.	2	2	-	4	8	The solution of situational tasks; test control with elements of visual identification, interview, situational tasks, written survey, module
6	3	Energy metabolism and the General ways of catabolism	4	8	-	2	14	The solution of situational tasks; test control with elements of visual identification, interview, situational tasks, written survey, module
7	3	Themetabolis mofcarbohyd rates.	6	10	-	4	20	the decision of situational problems, test control, module
8	4	Lipidmetabol ism.	6	14	-	4	24	The solution of situational tasks; test control with elements of visual identification, interview, situational

								tasks, written survey, module
9	4	Exchangeofa minoacids.	6	12	-	4	22	test control with the elements of visual identification, interview, situational tasks, written survey, examination
10	4	The exchange of nucleotides	2	2	-	2	6	The solution of situational tasks; test, written survey, examination
11	4	Metabolism of heme and iron metabolism.	2	6	-	4	12	The solution of situational tasks; test control with elements of visual identification, interview, situational tasks, written survey, module
12	4	Hormonal regulation of metabolism and body functions	4	10	-	4	18	The solution of situational tasks; test control with elements of visual identification, interview, situational tasks, written survey, examination, module
13	4	Bloodbioche mistryandim munity.	-	6	-	2	8	the practical solution of situational tasks, the interview, situational tasks, written survey, examination, Module
14	4	Biochemistry of organs and tissues.	-	2	-	4	6	the practical solution of situational tasks, the interview, situational tasks, written survey,

								examination
15	4	Water and mineral metabolism. The regulation of water-salt metabolism.	-	8	-	2	10	the practical solution of situational tasks, the interview, situational tasks, written survey, examination
16	4	Introductiont oclinicalbioc hemistry.	-	2	-	2	4	the practical solution of situational tasks, the interview, situational tasks, written survey, examination
17	4	Thefinalclass		2		14	16	Finaltesting
		Exam					36	
		TOTAL:	40	104		72	252	

${\bf 6.}$ The list of training and methodological support for independent work of students on discipline

No/	№	The name of the educational-methodical development
П	semeste	
	r	
1	3,4	Guide to laboratory classes in biological chemistry, speciality
		31.05.01 general medicine, (part 1,2)
2	3,4	Guide to laboratory classes in biological chemistry, speciality
	,	31.05.01 general medicine, (part 3,4)

7. Fund of assessment tools for intermediate evaluation of students in the discipline

№/	Thelistof	№	Indicator(s)	Criterion(Scaleofeva	Name
п	competen cies	semest er	evaluation	s) ofassessm ent	luation	FES
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	GPC-7, PC-21, PC-22	3-4	see standard for evaluating the quality of education, approved. By order of the State Budgetary Educational institution of Higher Professional education SOGMA Ministry of health of Russia on 10.07.2018, No. 264/o	see standard for evaluating the quality of education, approved. By order of the State Budgetary Educationa I institution of Higher Profession al education SOGMA Ministry of health of Russia on 10.07.2018, No. 264/o	see standard for evaluating the quality of education, approved. By order of the State Budgetary Educationa I institution of Higher Profession al education SOGMA Ministry of health of Russia on 10.07.2018, No. 264/o	Examination fees to offset; The test task; tasks

8. The main list of textbooks required for the development of the discipline

			Y 7	Thenumberofins tances			
п/ №	Name	Author (s)	Year, placeofpublicatio n	in library	on theDe partm ent		
1	2	3	4	5	6		
		Main literati	ıre				
1	Essentials of Medical Biochemistry With Clinical Cases Second edition	N.V. Bhagavan Chung-Eun Ha	Academic Press 2015	43	0		
2	Clinical biochemistry: metabolic and clinical aspects Third edition	W.Marshall	Churchill livingtone Elsevier 2014	8	0		
3	Medical biochemistry fourth edition	J.Baynes M. Dominiczak	Saunders Elsevier 2014	8	0		
	Additionalliterature						
1	Elseviers integrated review biochemistry	Pelley J.	Elsevier saunders 2012	3	0		

	Second edition				
2	Rapid review biochemistry Third edition	Pelley J. E. Goljan	Mosby Elsevier 2011	3	0
3	Biochemistry Third edition	L. Davidson	Philadelphia: Harwal Publishing 1994	1	0

9. List of resources information and telecommunications network "Internet" necessary for the development of the discipline

- 1. Resources e-library SOGMA;
- 2. www.chemnet.ru,
- 3. www.chem.msu.su/rus/elibrary,
- 4. www.chemistry.narod.ru,
- 5. www.biblioclub.ru,
- 6. www.booksmed.com,
- 7. www.bio-x.ru/books-related

10. Methodical instructions for students for the development of the discipline

Training consists of classroom instruction (144 hours) including lectures and laboratory practical classes and independent work (72 hours). The main training time is allocated for laboratory and practical work on the development of biological chemistry.

The study of biological chemistry as a discipline it is necessary to use knowledge of biology, chemistry and physics and to develop practical skills that are generated during the laboratory workshop on biological chemistry.

Practical classes are conducted in the form of laboratory works, demonstrations of biochemical experiments and the use of visual AIDS, decision of situational tasks.

In accordance with the requirements of the FSES IN the educational process is widely used active and interactive forms of conducting classes (video, situation tasks, independent work of students). The proportion of lessons in interactive forms is not less than 30% of the classroom lessons.

11. The range of information technologies used in the implementation of the educational process in the discipline

sem este r	uo	Used educational technology (active, interactive)	The numbe r of hours	% of classes in an interactive form	List of software
3,4	LW	A set of slides, movies to traditional lectures	40		Microsoft Office PowerPoint; Internet Exploer
3,4	PW	A set of questions and tasks for practical tasks, a set of situational tasks for AP, the set of histories for the analysis of clinical cases.	104	30	Microsoft Office
3,4	SIW	Questions and tasks for independent work	72		Microsoft Office

		Internet
		Exploer

12. Description of material-technical base necessary for realization of the educational process in the discipline.

№ /	Name of the equipment	number	Technical condition			
П						
1	2	3	4			
	Special equipment					
1.	Laboratory analytical scales	1	In working condition			
2.	Water bath	4	In working condition			
3.	GP-160 air sterilizer	1	In working condition			
4.	GP-80 air sterilizer	1	In working condition			
5.	Dispensers	3	good, need increased amount			
6.	Interactive whiteboard	1	In working condition			
7.	Sound-amplifying equipment (speakers)	2	In working condition			
8.	Sets of slides and tables	1	Need replacement			
9.	Biological microscopes	2	In working condition			
10.	Multimedia installation	1	In working condition			
11.	Multimedia projector	1	In working condition			
12.	Mobile screen	1	In working condition			
13.	PH meter FE 20-KIT with additional electrode	1	In working condition			
14.	Automatic air sterilizer GP-160	1	In working condition			

15.	Thematic set of illustrations for sections of the discipline	1	Require supdating
16.	Laser pointer	2	In working condition
17.	Photoelectrocolorimeter KFK-3km	2	In working condition
18.	Fridge	1	In working condition
19.	SM-6m centrifuge	5	In working condition
20.	Exhaust Cabinet LC-1500SHV	3	In working condition
21.	Exhaust Cabinet LC-1800SHV	1	In working condition
22.	Testtubestands	10	In working condition
23.	Electronicscale	1	In working condition