State budgetary educational institution of higher professional education "NORTH-OSSETIAN STATE MEDICAL ACADEMY" Ministry of Health Russian Federation

QUESTIONS TO MODULES

of educational discipline "Physics and mathematics" for Students 1 course of the 31.05.03 Dentistry

QUESTIONS TO MODULE 1

- 1. Concept of derivative of function, its physical meaning.
- 2. Geometrical meaning of derivative.
- 3. General rule of differentiation of function. Formulas of differentiation.
- 4. Derivatives of elementary functions.
- 5. Differential of function. Properties of differential.
- 6. Rule of differentiation of composite function.
- 7. Primitive. Examples. The concept of the indefinite integral.
- 8. Table of integrals. The main properties of the indefinite integral.
- 9. The concept of the definite integral. The geometrical meaning.
- 10. The main properties of the definite integral.
- 11. Definition of a differential equation.
- 12. The order of the DE.
- 13. The linear differential equation.
- 14. Types of the solutions of the DE-s.
- 15. The DE of the first order with the separable variable and algorithm of it solution.
- 16. The main concepts of Probability Theory.
- 17. Definition of probability. Main theorems of probability theory.
- 18. Total probability formula.
- 19. Bernoulli and Poisson formulas.
- 20. Discrete random variables and their characteristics.
- 21. Continuous Random Variables. Distribution function and density function.
- 22. Numerical characteristics of Continuous random variables.

QUESTIONS TO MODULE 2

- 1. Sound. Kinds of sounds.
- 2. Spectrum of sound. Wave resistance.
- 3. Objective (physical) characteristics of sound. Subjective characteristics, their relationship to the objective.
- 4. The Weber-Fechner law. Audiometry.
- 5. Ultrasound, physical principles of application in medicine.
- 6. Phenomena of the inverse piezoelectric effect and magnetostriction.
- 7. Doppler effect. Formula for determining the blood flow velocity.
- 8. Physical basis hemodynamics. Viscosity.
- 9. Methods for determining the viscosity of a liquid.
- 10. Stationary flow, laminar and turbulent flow. Reynolds number.
- 11. Newton's formula, Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids.
- 12. The Poiseille formula.
- 13. Laws of reflection and refraction of light.
- 14. Limiting angle of refraction and limiting angle of total internal reflection/
- 15. Phenomenon of total internal reflection.
- 16. Methods for determining the refractive index of liquids in transmitted and reflected light (draw the ray path in a refractometer in these cases).

OUESTIONS TO MODULE 3

- 1. Full and useful magnification of the microscope. Beam path in a microscope.
- Aperture diaphragm and aperture angle.
- 2. Light absorption. Bouguer's law. Bouguer-Lambert-Beer law.
- Concentration colorimetry. Nephelometry.
- 3. Scattering of light. Tyndall's phenomenon. Molecular scattering, Rayleigh's law. Raman scattering.
- 4. Light is natural and polarized. Polarizer and analyzer. Law Malus.
- 5. Polarization of light with double refraction. Nicolas prism. Rotation of the plane of polarization. Bio's Law.
- 6. Thermal radiation. Heat radiation laws. Planck's formula.
- 7. Radiation of the Sun. Infrared and ultraviolet radiation and their application in medicine.
- 8. Heat transfer of the body. Physical foundations of thermography.
- 9. Luminescence, its types. Mechanism and properties of luminescence. The rule
- Stokes.
- 10. Application of phosphors and luminescence analysis in medicine.
- 11. Forced radiation. Inverse population of levels. The main laser elements.
- 12. Design and principle of operation of ruby and helium-neon lasers.
- 13. Properties of laser radiation. Application of laser radiation in medicine.
- 14. X-ray radiation. X-ray tube device. Brake X-ray radiation.
- 15. Characteristic X-ray radiation. Moseley's Law.
- 16. Primary processes of interaction of X-ray radiation with substance: coherent scattering, Compton effect, photoelectric effect.
- 17. X-ray diagnostics. Fluoroscopy and radiography. Modern X-ray computed tomographs.
- 18. The phenomenon of radioactivity. Types of radioactive decay. The basic Law radioactive decay.
- 19. Alpha-decay of nuclei and its features. Beta decay of nuclei, its types, features and spectrum. Gamma radiation from nuclei.
- 20. Interaction of ionizing radiation with matter.
- 21. Dosimetry of ionizing radiation. Absorbed and exposure dose. Dose rate.

- 22. Quantitative assessment of the biological effect of ionizing radiation. Radiation quality factor. Equivalent dose.
- 23. The primary effect of ionizing radiation on the body. Defence from ionizing radiation.
- 24. Radiation sickness, its types. Periods and symptoms of acute radiation sickness.